Alignment of climate actions and SDGs and implications for low-carbon development indicators

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The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the Paris Agreement

- The 2030 Agenda with 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and 169 targets adopted in September 2015 aims to eradicate poverty, reduce inequalities, protect the environment and accelerate the transition to low-carbon and climate-resilient development pathways.
- The Paris Agreement adopted in December 2015 at COP 21 aims to limit global temperature increase to below 2°C with the parties setting out their climate action strategies and targets, i.e. the nationally determined contributions (NDCs).
- Having great potential for co-benefits and mutually supportive implementation, however, the two processes are being operated parallel.
- The alignment of the two agendas is imperative to reduce overlapping efforts and effectively allocate resources by maximising the synergies and minimising the trade-offs.

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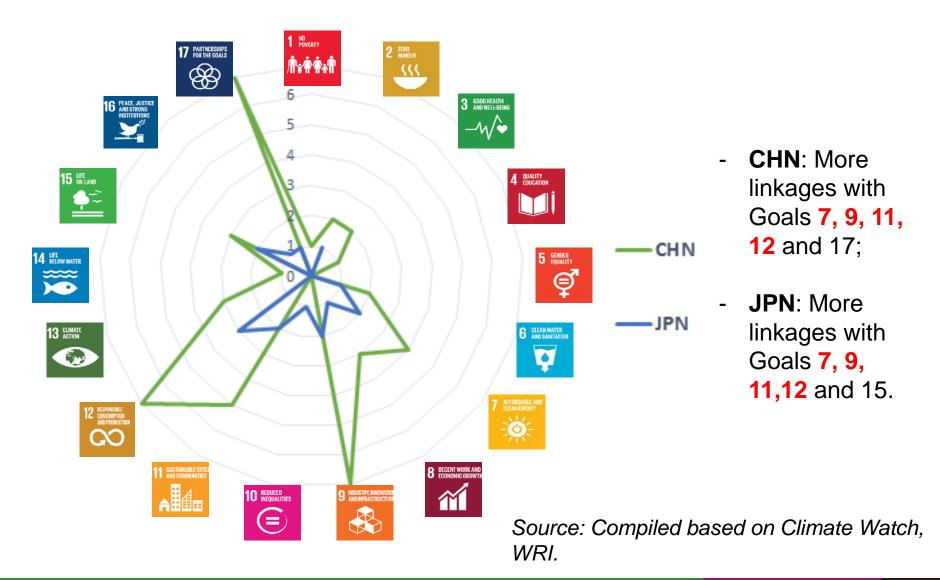
Alignment between NDCs and SDGs



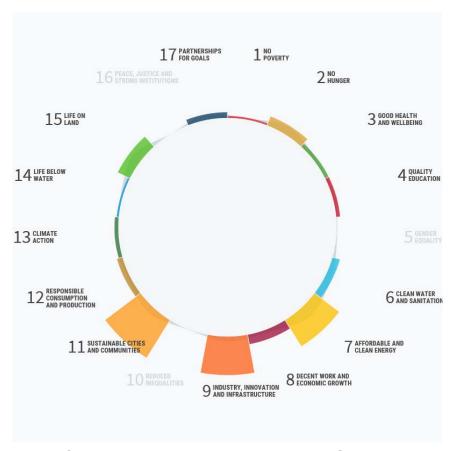
- High-level alignment between NDCs and SDGs
- Climate-related
 SDGs: Goal 13, 11
 explicit targets and
 27 specific targets;
- Of 92 INDCs, climate actions align with 154 SDG targets.
- Different approaches for agenda setting and implementation indicate the risk of implementation in silos.

Source: WRI Working Paper, 2016.

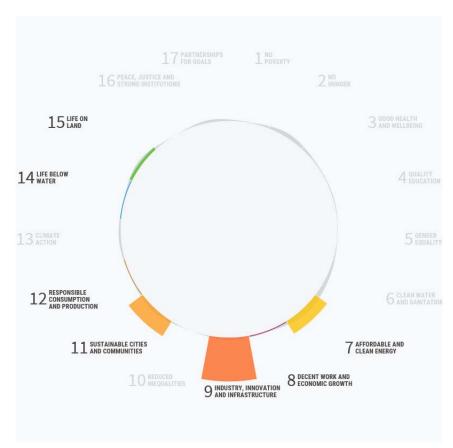
NDCs and SDGs linkages in China and Japan



NDCs and SDGs linkages in China and Japan



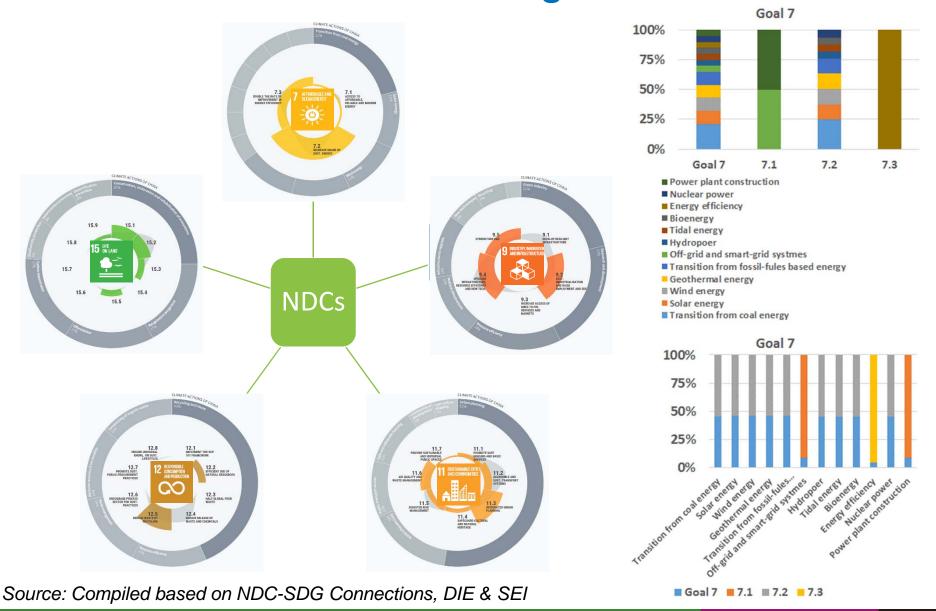
CHN: More linkages with Goals **7**, 8, **9**, **11** and **15**;



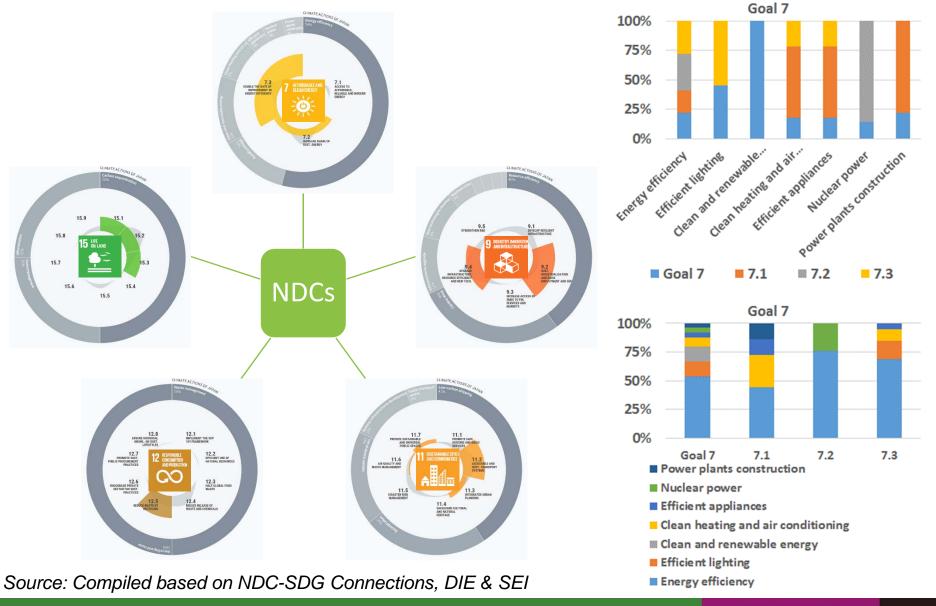
JPN: More linkages with Goals **7**, **9**, **11** and **15**.

Source: NDC-SDG Connections, DIE & SEI

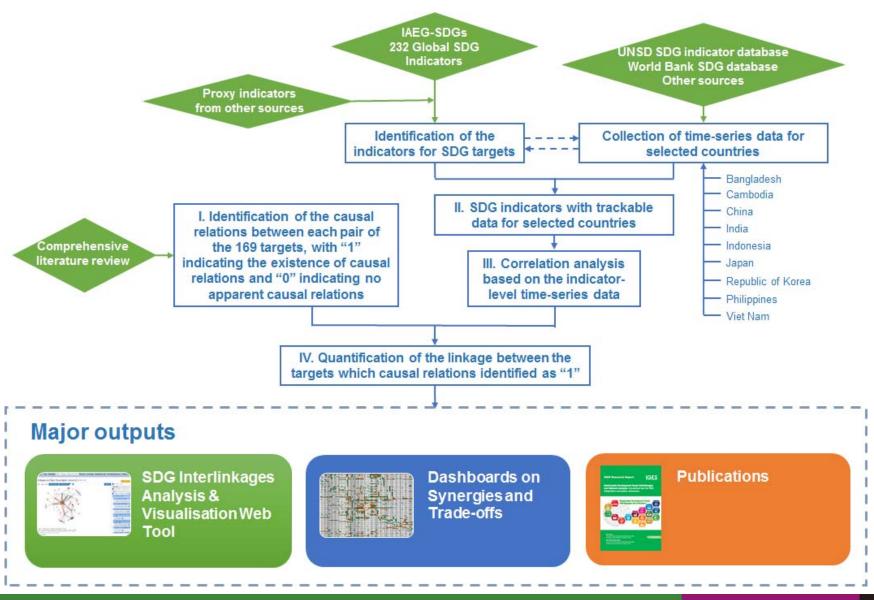
NDCs and SDGs linkages in China



NDCs and SDGs linkages in Japan



IGES initiated a pioneer project on SDG interlinkages and indicators (FY2015-2018)



Identification of SDG interlinkages based on literature review

Reference no.	Reference code	SDG coverage	Type of interlinkages/goal to goal (G-G), goal to target (G-T), target to goal (T-G) and target to target (T-T)	Source
1	IAEG-SDGs	All	T-T	IAEG-SDGs, 2015. List of Indicator Proposals (11 August 2015). Available at: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/files/List%20of%20Indicator%20Proposals%2011-8-2015.pdf
2	SDSN-1	All	T-T through shared indicators.	Leadership Council of the Sustainable Development Solutions Network (SDSN), 2015. Indicators and a Monitoring Framework for the Sustainable Development Goals: Launching a data revolution for the SDGs. A report to the Secretary-General of the United Nations. Available at: http://unsdsn.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/FINAL-SDSN-Indicator-Report-WEB.pdf
3	SDSN-Shared indicators	All	T-T through shared indicators.	2015. Indicators for the SDGs: Identifying inter-linkages. SDSN Issue Brief. Available at: http://unsdsn.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/09/150816-ldentifying-inter-linkages-SDSN-Briefing-for-IAEG.pdf
4	ESCAP-SDG6	SDG6	Т-Т	United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP), 2016. Analytical Framework for Integration of Water and Sanitation SDGs and Targets: Using Systems Thinking Approach, Annex I: Full Matrix of Analysis of Direct and Indirect Linkages Between the SDG 6 Targets and the Targets of the Other SDGs. UNESCAP Working Paper. Bangkok: UNESCAP. Available at: https://sustdev.unescap.org/Files/resource/300add205ca64d4ee4b1c4d1116855ce.pdf
5	WEF-Nexus	SDG2, SDG6 and SDG7.	Т-Т	Weitz, N., Nilsson, M., Davis, M., 2014. A Nexus Approach to the Post-2015 Agenda: Formulating Integrated Water, Energy and Food SDGs. Available at: https://www.oecd.org/pcd/Art%20Nexus%20SAIS%20weitz.pdf
6	UNECOSOC	All	G-T (for all SDGs except SDG17), G-G (SDG17)	Author(s) and publication date unknown. A Nexus Approach for the SDGs: Interlinkages between the goals and targets. Retrieved from the

Identification of SDG interlinkages based on literature review (2)

Reference	Reference	SDG	Type of interlinkages/goal to goal	Source	
no.	code	coverage	(G-G), goal to target (G-T), target to		
			goal (T-G) and target to target (T-T)		
				website of the United Nations Economic and Social Council:	
				https://www.un.org/ecosoc/sites/www.un.org.ecosoc/files/files/en/2016	
				doc/interlinkages-sdgs.pdf	
7	UNCTAD-	Trade-	T-T (trade-related targets link with	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), 2016.	
	Trade	related	each other)	Trading into Sustainable Development: Trade, Market Access, and the	
		SDGs		Sustainable Development Goals. Geneva: United Nations. Available at:	
				http://unctad.org/en/PublicationsLibrary/ditctab2015d3_en.pdf	
8	IOM-	Migration-	T-T (migration-related targets link	International Organization for Migration (IOM), publication date not	
	Migration	related	with each other)	known. 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. Available at:	
		SDGs		https://unofficeny.iom.int/2030-agenda-sustainable-development	
9	Stakeholder	All except	G-G, T-G, T-T	Cutter, A., Osborn, D., Romano, J., Ullah, F., publication date unknown.	
	Forum_1	for SDG17		Sustainable Development Goals and Integration: Achieving a better	
				balance between the economic, social and environmental dimensions.	
				Available at:	
				http://www.stakeholderforum.org/fileadmin/files/Balancing%20the%20di	
				mensions%20in%20the%20SDGs%20FINAL.pdf	
10	10 Stakeholder SDG12 T-T Coopman, A., Osborn, D., Ulla		Coopman, A., Osborn, D., Ullah, F., Auckland, E., Long, G., publication		
	Forum_SDG12			date unknown. See the Whole: Implementing the SDGs in an integrated	
				and coherent way. A Research Pilot by Stakeholder Forum, Biregional and	
				Newcastle University. Available at:	
				http://www.stakeholderforum.org/fileadmin/files/SeeingTheWhole.Rese	
				archPilotReportOnSDGsImplementation.pdf	
11	ICSU-2017	SDGs 2, 3,	G-G and T-T	ICSU, 2017. A guide to SDG interactions: From science To implementation.	
		7, 14		Available at: https://www.icsu.org/cms/2017/05/SDGs-Guide-to-	
				Interactions.pdf.	

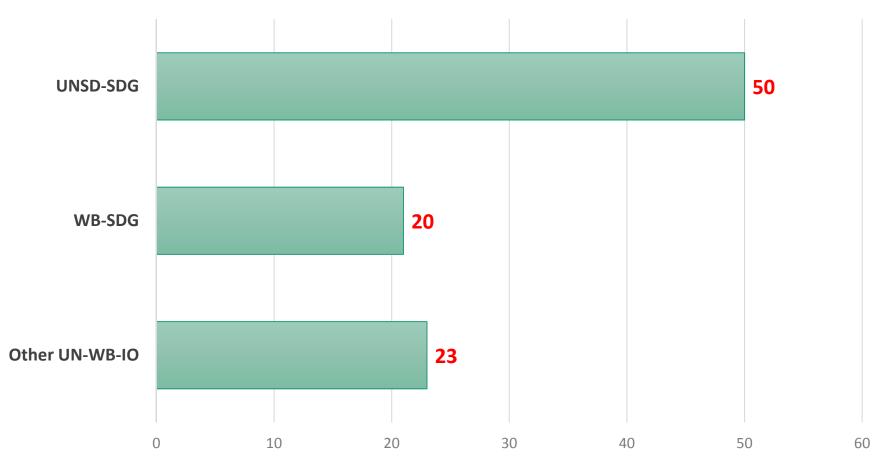
Source: Zhou and Moinuddin, 2017. IGES Research Report.

SDG indicators and data collection

- 232 indicators of the Global Indicators Framework adopted by the UN General Assembly in July 2017 are used.
- Identification of target-level indicators with trackable time-series data is based on the following steps
 - Check major data sources for data availability for the SDG/proxy indicators
 - UNSD SDG indicators database
 - World Bank SDG database
 - Other UN/World Bank databases
 - Other sources
 - Identification of the best representative indicator (only one) for each of the targets

93 SDG indicators and data sources



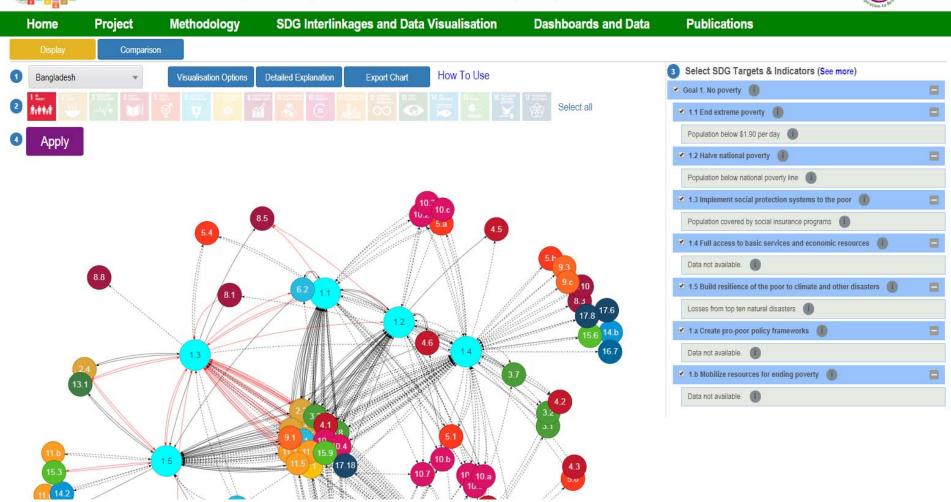


IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis & Visualisation Tool (V2.0) (https://sdginterlinkages.iges.jp/visualisationtool.html)



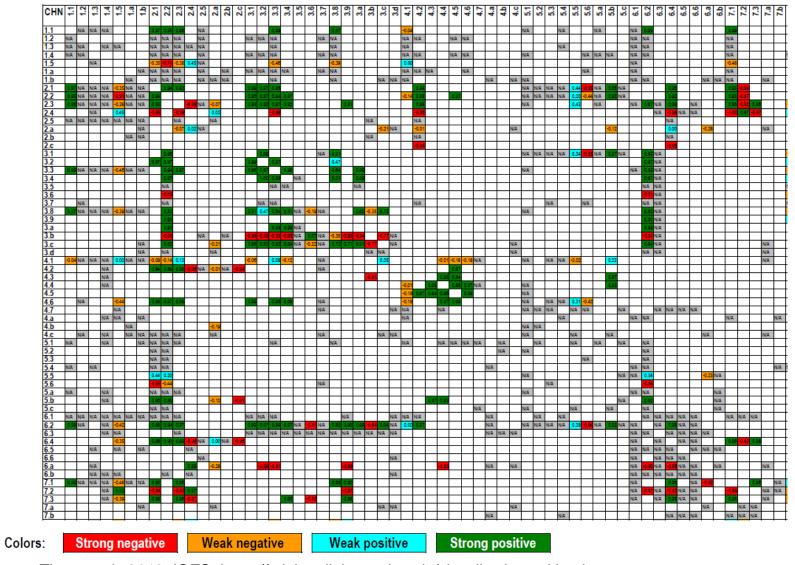
SDG Interlinkages Analysis & Visualisation Tool (V2.0)





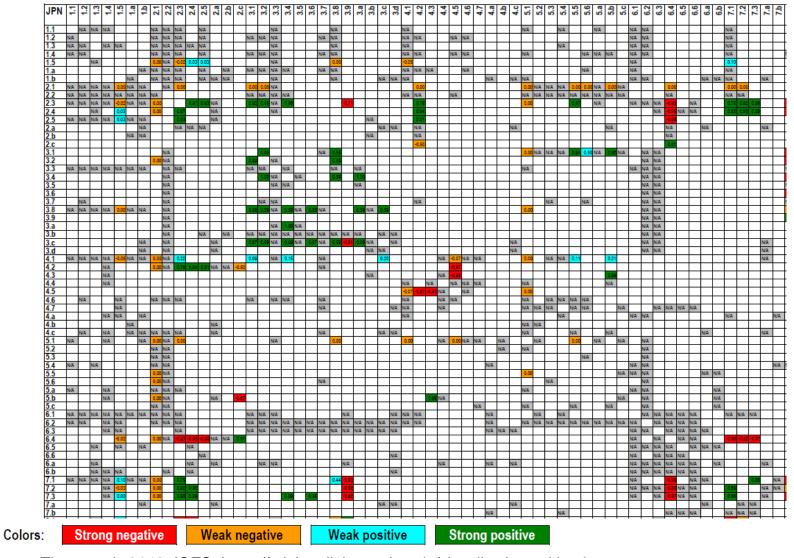
Source: A snapshot taken from IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Web Tool.

The dashboard for China indicating potential reinforcing (green) and conflicting (red) interlinkages



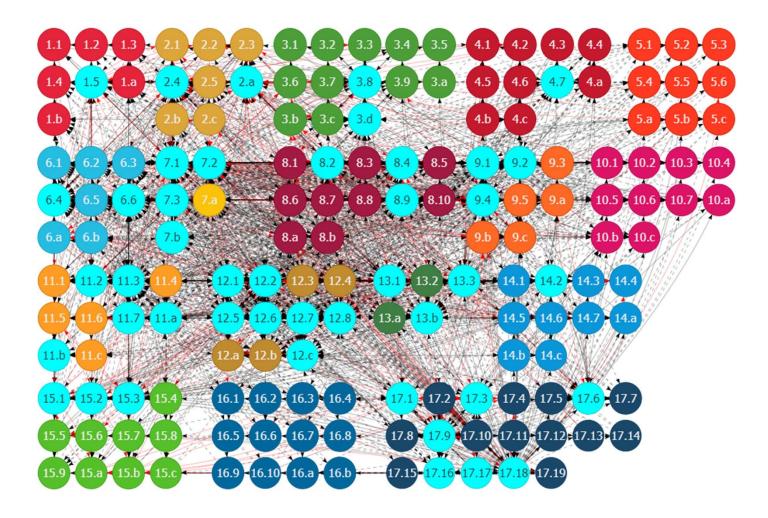
Source: Zhou, et al., 2018. IGES. https://sdginterlinkages.iges.jp/visualisationtool.html

The dashboard for Japan indicating potential reinforcing (green) and conflicting (red) interlinkages



Source: Zhou, et al., 2018. IGES. https://sdginterlinkages.iges.jp/visualisationtool.html

China: NDCs and SDGs interlinkages



Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool. Selection of NDCs aligned targets are based on the WRI's Climate Watch.

China: Preliminary results on the existing key synergies between NDCs and SDGs



Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool

China: Preliminary results on the existing key trade-offs between the NDCs and SDGs

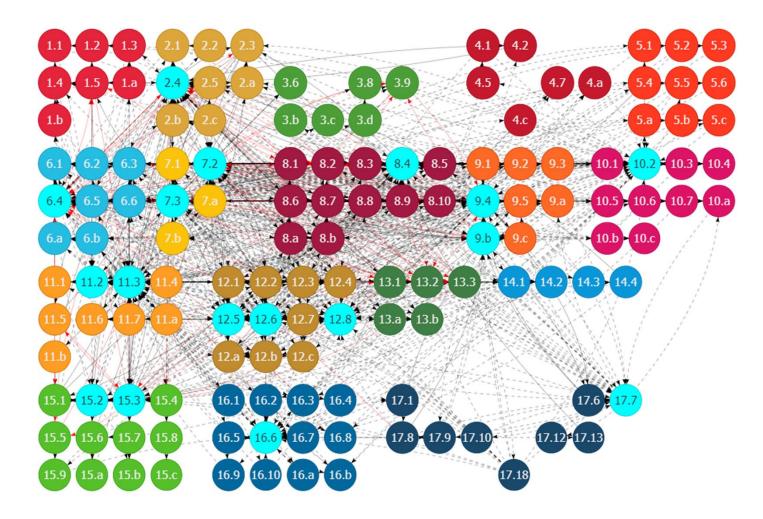


Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool

China: Additional indicators can be considered

Targets/Short name	Indicators/Short name	Unit
2.3 Double agriculture productivity	Agriculture value added per worker	US\$ (2010 constant)
2.4 Build sustainable food production	Nitrogen fertilizers consumption	tonnes of nutrients
systems		
3.b Access to essential medicines	Total official disbursements for medical research and basic health	billion US\$ (constant)
6.4 Increase water-use efficiency	Annual freshwater withdrawals	percent of internal resources
6.a Enhance international cooperation	Total official disbursements for water supply	billion US\$ (constant)
on water and sanitation	and sanitation	
7.1 Universal access to energy	Population with access to electricity	percent
7.3 Double energy efficiency	Primary energy intensity of GDP	MJ per USD constant 2011 PPP GDP
8.1 Sustain inclusive economic growth	Real GDP growth per capita	percent
8.4 Improve resource efficiency	Material footprint per capita	metric tonne
8.a Increase Aid for Trade	Total official disbursements for aid for trade	billion US\$ (constant)
9.b Policy support for industrial value	Proportion of medium and high-tech industry	percent
addition	in total value added	
12.2 Sustainable resource use	Material footprint per capita	metric tonne
12.a Support R&D capacity of	No. of researchers	per million inhabitants
developing countries for SCP		
15.1 Sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater	Share of forest area	percent

Japan: NDCs and SDGs interlinkages



Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool. Selection of NDCs aligned targets are based on the WRI's Climate Watch.

Japan: Preliminary results on the existing key synergies between NDCs and SDGs



Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool

Japan: Preliminary results on the existing key trade-offs between the NDCs and SDGs



Source: IGES SDG Interlinkages Analysis and Visualisation Tool

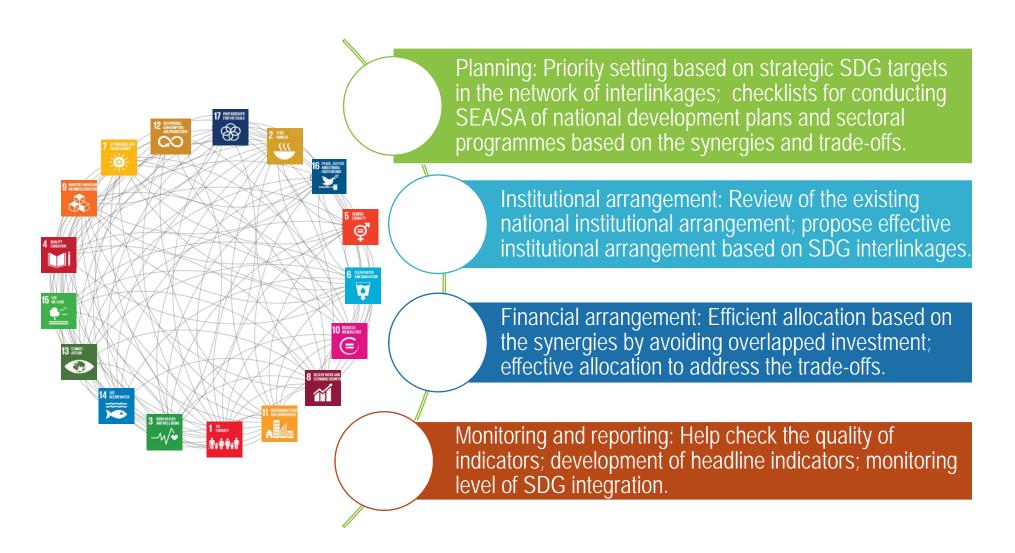
Japan: Additional indicators can be considered

Targets/Short name	Indicators/Short name	Unit
3.9 Reduce deaths/illnesses from pollution	Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisonings	per 100,000 population
6.4 Increase water-use efficiency	Annual freshwater withdrawals	percent of internal resources
8.1 Sustain inclusive economic growth	Real GDP growth per capita	percent
8.2 Improve economic productivity	Real GDP growth per employed person	percent
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies	Rating countries ambition in climate mitigation	Levels 1-4 for inadequate, medium, sufficient and role model
13.3 Raise awareness on mitigation and adaptation	Rating countries ambition in climate mitigation	Levels 1-4 for inadequate, medium, sufficient and role model
15.5 Protect natural habitat and biodiversity	Red List Index	index (the larger the better)

Conclusions

- High-level alignment between SDGs and NDCs provides many multiple benefits and co-benefits.
- Climate change and its responses greatly impact the progress on SDG achievement and mainstreaming climate actions is important to ensure achieving the SDGs.
- Placing climate actions under the overarching framework of SDGs can help develop more comprehensive INDCs which make climate actions benefits all.
- The existing trade-offs between NDCs and SDG targets should be taken into account through policy integration and effectively allocation of financial resources.

Applications of the SDG interlinkages tool for SDG integration at different stages of the policy cycle



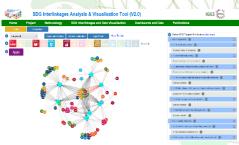
Thank you!

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Zhou, X., Moinuddin, M., 2017. Sustainable Development Goals Interlinkages and Network Analysis: A practical tool for SDG integration and policy coherence. IGES Research Report. Hayama: IGES. Available at:

https://sdginterlinkages.iges.jp/files/IGES_Research%20Report_S DG%20Interlinkages_Publication.pdf.



Zhou, X., Moinuddin, M., Li, Y., 2017. SDG Interlinkages and Data Visualisation Web Tool. Hayama: IGES. Available at: https://sdginterlinkages.iges.jp/visualisationtool.html.

